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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/808,812	03/25/2004	Veerle Verschueren	227965	7592
23460	7590 12/14/2004		EXAMINER	
LEYDIG VOIT & MAYER, LTD TWO PRUDENTIAL PLAZA, SUITE 4900			WALKE, AMANDA C	
180 NORTH	TH STETSON AVENUE		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
CHICAGO,	IL 60601-6780		1752	

DATE MAILED: 12/14/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/808,812	VERSCHUEREN ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Amanda C Walke	1752	
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	n appears on the cover sheet w	th the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RITHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication if the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory provided to the period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by some Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the rearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a r n. a reply within the statutory minimum of thin eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication.	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2	25 March 2004.		
	This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allocation in accordance with the practice under the practice of the condition is in condition for allocation.	owance except for formal matte ler <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D	ers, prosecution as to the merits is . 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the applica	tion.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction ar	nd/or election requirement.	·	
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)		v the Examiner	
Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held in abeyand	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a)	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a)⊠ All b) Some * c) None of:		119(a)-(d) or (f).	
1. Certified copies of the priority docum			
2. Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received in Ap	plication No	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the p	priority documents have been r	eceived in this National Stage	
application from the International Bur			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	iist of the certified copies not re	eceived.	
Attachment(s)			
1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Su	mmary (PTO-413)	
3) 🔀 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/		Mail Date prmal Patent Application (PTO-152)	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:		

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claim 10 provides for the use of aluminum hydroxide or aluminum oxide spacer particles, but, since the claim does not set forth any steps involved in the method/process, it is unclear what method/process applicant is intending to encompass. A claim is indefinite where it merely recites a use without any active, positive steps delimiting how this use is actually practiced.

Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed recitation of a use, without setting forth any steps involved in the process, results in an improper definition of a process, i.e., results in a claim which is not a proper process claim under 35 U.S.C. 101. See for example *Ex parte Dunki*, 153 USPQ 678 (Bd.App. 1967) and *Clinical Products, Ltd.* v. *Brenner*, 255 F. Supp. 131, 149 USPQ 475 (D.D.C. 1966).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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2. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Kita (6,593,057).

Kita disclose a heat-sensitive lithographic printing plate precursor is disclosed, comprising a metal substrate having thereon 1) an ink-receptive layer, 2) a water-receptive layer comprising a colloidal particulate oxide or hydroxide of at least one element selected from the group consisting of beryllium, magnesium, aluminum, silicon, titanium, boron, germanium, tin, zirconium, iron, vanadium, antimony and transition metals, or additionally 3) a water-soluble overcoat layer, at least one layer of the ink-receptive layer, the water-receptive layer and the overcoat layer containing a compound capable of converting light into heat and the ink-receptive layer containing an epoxy resin having a softening point of 120 degrees C or more. The substrate on which the ink-receptive layer of the present invention is coated is a metal substrate having good dimensional stability. Preferred examples of the metal substrate include aluminum, zinc, copper, nickel and stainless steel. Among these, aluminum substrate is more preferred.

The starting material aluminum plate used for the aluminum substrate of the present invention may be appropriately selected from conventionally known and commonly used aluminum plate materials. More specifically, the starting material aluminum plate is a pure aluminum plate or an alloy plate mainly comprising aluminum and containing trace foreign elements. Examples of the foreign elements contained in the aluminum alloy include silicon, iron, manganese, copper, magnesium, chromium, zinc, bismuth, nickel and titanium. The content of foreign elements in the alloy is 10% by weight or less. The aluminum plate may also be an aluminum plate obtained from an aluminum ingot using DC casting or continuous casting.

The thickness of the aluminum substrate for use in the present invention is from 0.05 to 0.6 mm, preferably from 0.1 to 0.4 mm, more preferably from 0.15 to 0.3 mm.

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On the heat-sensitive lithographic printing plate precursor of the present invention, an image is formed by heat. More specifically, direct image recording by a thermal recording head or the like, scanning exposure by an infrared ray laser, high-intensity flash exposure by a xenon discharge lamp, or infrared ray lamp exposure may be applied. In particular, the exposure is suitably performed using a semiconductor laser which radiates an infrared ray in the wavelength range of 700 to 1,200 nm, or a solid high output infrared ray laser such as YAG laser.

Conclusion

3. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Kikuchi (6,800,417), Stahlhofen (4,560,636), and Inno et al (6,706,463) are cited for their teachings of similar materials.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Amanda C Walke whose telephone number is 571-272-1337. The examiner can normally be reached on M-R 5:30-4.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cynthia Kelly can be reached on 571-272-1526. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Almanda C Walke

Examiner
Art Unit 1752

ACW

December 13, 2004